

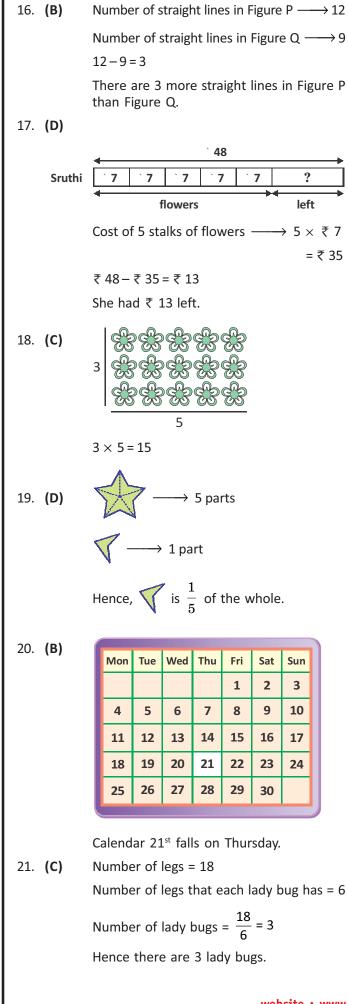


## NATIONAL LEVEL SCIENCE TALENT SEARCH EXAMINATION - 2015 (UPDATED)

Paper Code: UN412

Solutions for Class: 2

1.	(D) (B)	<u>Mathematics</u> 10 ÷ 2 = 5 4 + 3 = 7	9. <b>(B)</b>	$\frac{1}{3}  \frac{1}{3}  \frac{1}{3}$		
	(0)	or		Shaded fraction is $\frac{2}{3}$ .		
3. 4.	(B) (B)	<b>7-4=3</b> ₹ 5 + ₹ 1 + 50 p ⇒ ₹ <b>6.50</b> Cost of 2 pens = 65 - 45 = ₹ 20 Cost of 1 pen = ₹ 20 ÷ 2	10. <b>(D)</b> 11. <b>(A)</b>	Option (A): 450 ( $\checkmark$ )   Option (B): 45 ( $\checkmark$ )   Option (C): 400 + 50 = 450 ( $\checkmark$ )   Option (D): 400 + 50 + 5 = 455 ( $\checkmark$ )   Each marking stands for 5 $l$ .		
5.	(A)	= ₹ 10 Pen is 4 units. 7-4=3 Hence eraser is <b>3 units</b> long.	12 (9)	Amount of water in the tank $\longrightarrow 3 \times 5 = 15 l$ Amount of more water needed to fill up the tank to 20 $l \longrightarrow 20 - 15 = 5 l$		
6.	(B)	9 hundreds 8 tens 3 ones = 983 99 tens = 990 Option (A): 900 (smaller than 983) ( <b>X</b>	12. <b>(B)</b> 13. <b>(D)</b>	6 groups of 2 = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 One whole is 1. or all regions of a shape shaded.		
		Option (B): 984   ( ✓     Option (C): 983 (equal to 983)   ( ✗     Option (D): 938 (smaller than 983)   ( ✗	)	Number of books Mona has $\longrightarrow 2$ Twice as many books as Mona has $\longrightarrow 2$ $\bigcirc$ + 2 $\bigcirc$ = 4 $\bigcirc$		
7.	(A)			Aarush has twice as many books as Mona.		
8.	(A)	Amount of money Mrs. Mathur paid the 6 pails $\longrightarrow 6 \times ₹ 3$	for 15. <b>(C)</b>	or Harsha has twice as many books as Mona. <b>+10 min</b>		
		= ₹ 18 ₹ 18 + ₹ 2 = ₹ 20				
	< 18 + < 2 = < 20 Mrs. Mathur gave the cashier ₹ <b>20</b> .			6: 00 6: 10		
website : www.unifiedcouncil.com						



22.	(D)	Mass of Object Z $\longrightarrow$ 7 kg
		3 kg + Mass of Object P $\longrightarrow$ 7 kg
		Mass of Object P $\longrightarrow$ 7 – 3 = 4 kg
23.	(D)	Two hundred fifteen = 2 1 5
		Fifty seven = 57
		+ 272
		i.e., Two hundred seventy two.
24.	(D)	1 hour has 60 minutes.
25.	(D)	42 – 15 = 27
		27 < 38

## General Science

- 26. **(C)** A frog is an insectivorous animal. It eats insects like grasshopper.
- 27. (A) On a full moon day the moon appears as a whole circle.
- 28. (A) A shadow is formed when light being blocked by an object.
- 29. **(B)** Flowers of apple trees change into apples.
- 30. (C) Eyes helps us to see things and the color of the sky.
- 31. **(B)** The given figure show rotation or rotatory motion of the earth on its axis.
- 32. (C) Air travels through windpipe before it reaches the lungs.
- 33. (A) When the sun is directly overhead at noon. The shadows are the shortest at that time of the day.
- 34. **(B)** The Sun gives off light and heat.
- 35. **(C)** The given picture shows that air has mass.
- 36. (A) A bear is an omnivore. Omnivores eat many different things including plants and animal.
- 37. (C) Ice cubes are the examples of solid form of water.
- (A) We get paper, spices and fibres from plants.
- 39. (B) A tree and grass have roots to absorb water from the soil.
- 40. (A) Plants need sunlight, air and water to make its food and to grow.

(A) A seed becomes sprout and seedling. It develops leaves, root system and shoot system. After the formation of root and shoot system it grows into an young plant.

- 42. (A) A weather vane or wind vane shows the wind direction.
- 43. **(C)** Potato is a stem tuber. It can reproduce from stem tuber.

- 44. (D) Roots take in water from the soil.
- 45. **(D)** Animals need to move about so that they can get away from danger and look for food, water and shelter.
- 46. **(B)** A tooth have a crown, a root and is covered with a protective cover called enamel.
- 47. **(C)** A tortoise is an amphibian. It can live both on land and in water.
- 48. (A) The given cross section of the vegetable is of bhendi or ladiesfinger.
- 49. (D) Our tongue does not have any bones. It moves when we talk. We can control the movement of tongue.
- 50. **(A)** Water gets evaporated and disappear on a sunny day.

