

01

ABCD is a parallelogram. From A, line \overline{AE} is drawn perpendicular to \overline{AB} and equal to \overline{AD} , E being on the opposite side of \overline{AB} as D. From C, a line \overline{CF} is drawn perpendicular to \overline{BC} and equal to \overline{CD} , F being on the opposite side of \overline{BC} from D. Prove that the angles ADE, CDF are equal and that $\angle EDF$ is a right angle.

Your solution here:

02

ABCD is a trapezium and P, Q are the mid-points of the diagonals AC and BD. Which of the following is equal to PQ ?

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}(AB)$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}(CD)$ (C) $\frac{1}{2}(AB - CD)$ (D) $\frac{1}{2}(AB + CD)$

Your solution here:

03 ABCD and APCR are the two parallelograms with AC as the common diagonal. Prove that PBRD is a parallelogram.

Your solution here:

04

ABCD is a trapezium in which $AB \parallel CD$. Which of the following is equal to $AC^2 + BD^2$?

- (A) $AD^2 + BC^2 - 2AB \cdot CD$ (B) $AD^2 + BC^2 + 2AB \cdot CD$
(C) $AD^2 - BC^2 + 2AB \cdot CD$ (D) $AD^2 - BC^2 - 2AB \cdot CD$

Your solution here:

05

ABCD is a parallelogram. AB and AD are produced to P and Q respectively such that $BP = AB$ and $DQ = AD$. Prove that P, C, Q lie on a straight line.

Your solution here: