Foundation for Success

Unified International
Mathematics Olympiad

## UNIFIED INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS OLYMPIAD (UPDATED)

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CLASS - 6
    Question Paper Code : UM9264
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KEY

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | B | D | A | B | C | C | B | C | D |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| D | D | C | B | B | D | C | A | B | B |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| B | C | B | C | B | A | A | C | B | C |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| A, B, C, D | B,D | A,B,C | C,D | A, B, C | C | B | D | B | C |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| A | B | C | A | C | A | B | D | C | B |

## EXPLANATIONS

## MATHEMATICS - 1

1. (A) $\quad \frac{0.65 \times 0.65 \times 0.65+0.35 \times 0.35 \times 0.35}{0.65 \times 0.65-0.65 \times 0.35+0.35 \times 0.35}$
$=\frac{0.274625+0.042875}{0.4225-0.2275+0.1225}$
$=\frac{0.3175}{0.3175}=1$
2. (B) $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 \times 13 \times \ldots \ldots=30030 \times \ldots$.
$\therefore$ The units digit $=$ zero
3. (D) Given product of two numbers
$=\mathrm{LCM} \times \mathrm{HCF}$
$\Rightarrow 264 \times$ other number $=1320 \times 12$
$\therefore$ Other number $=\frac{1320 \times 12}{264}=60$
4. (A) Greatest 5 digit number $=99,999$

Greatest 4 digit number $=9,999$
$\therefore$ Number of 5 digit numbers
$=99,999-9,999=90,000$
05. (B) $\mathrm{LHS}=\frac{-1.11 \times-1.11+3.57 \times 3.57}{1.5129+5.4756}$
$=\frac{1.2321+12.7449}{6.9885}$
$=\frac{13.977}{6.9885}=2$
06. (C) Given $\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{B}=6: 5$ \& $\mathrm{B}: \mathrm{C}=4: 1$

LCM of $B$ ratios $=20$
$\therefore \mathrm{A}: \mathrm{B}=6 \times 4: 5 \times 4=24: 20$
$B: C=4 \times 5: 1 \times 5=20: 5$
$\therefore A: B: C=24: 20: 5 \Rightarrow A: C=24: 5$
07. (C) Area of rectangle
$=l \mathrm{~b}=47 \frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~cm} \times 11 \frac{2}{11} \mathrm{~cm}$
$=\frac{143}{3} \times \frac{123}{11} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
$=533 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
08. (B) A rectangle has two lines of symmetry.

09. (C) Let $x=19$, then LHS of Option A

$$
=\frac{21}{3}-\frac{18}{5}=\frac{35-18}{5}=\frac{17}{5}
$$

RHS of Option $A=\frac{22}{4}-1=\frac{11}{2}-1=\frac{9}{2}$
Let $x=19$ the LHS of Option B
$=\frac{21}{3}-\frac{20}{5}=3$
RHS of Option $B=\frac{22}{4}+1=\frac{13}{2}$
LHS of Option B $\neq$ RHS of Option B Let $x=19$, the LHS of Option C $=3$

RHS of Option $C=\frac{19-3}{4}-1=\frac{16}{4}-1=3$
$\therefore$ LHS of Option C $=$ RHS of Option C
10. (D) Perimeter of a triangle
$=\frac{a}{2}+\frac{b}{3}-\frac{c}{4}+\frac{a}{4}-\frac{b}{3}-\frac{c}{2}+\frac{a}{3}-\frac{b}{4}+\frac{c}{3}$
$=\frac{a}{2}+\frac{a}{4}+\frac{a}{3}-\frac{b}{4}-\frac{c}{4}-\frac{c}{2}+\frac{c}{3}$
$=\frac{6 a+3 a+4 a}{12}-\frac{b}{4}-\frac{3 c-6 c+4 c}{12}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{13 \mathrm{a}}{12}-\frac{\mathrm{b}}{4}-\frac{5 \mathrm{c}}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{13 \mathrm{a}-3 \mathrm{~b}-5 \mathrm{c}}{12} \mathrm{~cm}$
11. (D) $3: 4=\frac{3}{4}, 5: 8=\frac{5}{8}$,
$11: 12=\frac{11}{12}, 15: 16=\frac{15}{16}$
$\therefore$ LCM of denominators $=48$
$\therefore \frac{3}{4}=\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{12}{12}=\frac{36}{48}$
$\frac{5}{8}=\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{6}{6}=\frac{30}{48}$
$\frac{11}{12}=\frac{11}{12} \times \frac{4}{4}=\frac{44}{48}$
$\frac{15}{16}=\frac{15}{16} \times \frac{3}{3}=\frac{45}{48}$
$\therefore \frac{45}{48}>\frac{44}{48}>\frac{30}{48}>\frac{36}{48}$
$\therefore \frac{45}{48}$ is greatest $\Rightarrow 15: 16$ is greatest.
12. (D) 320 is divisible by 8
$\therefore 2345678987654320$ is divisible by 8
$\therefore 2345678987654325$
$=2345678987654320+5$
$\therefore$ Remainder $=5$
13. (C) The possible fractions can be
$\frac{1}{9}, \frac{2}{8}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{4}{6}, \frac{5}{5}, \frac{6}{4}, \frac{7}{3}, \frac{8}{2}$
Among $\frac{3}{7}$ satisfies the given condition
of $\frac{3+3}{7-1}=\frac{6}{6}=1$
$\therefore 7-3=4$
14. (B) LCM of $3,5,6,8,10 \& 12=120$

Required number $=120 x+2$
Given $(120 x+2)$ is divisible by 13
$\therefore \quad 962$ is in the form of $120 x+2$ and divisible by 13 also
15. (B) Given $(1+2+3+\ldots \ldots+50)+(46+47+$ ...... +99 ) $=1275+3915$
$\therefore 1+2+3+$.. $+50+(46+47+48+49$
$+50)+(51+$ $+99)=5190$
$\therefore 1+2+3+$ $+50+240+51+52$
$+. . . .+99=5190$
$\therefore 1+2+3+$ $\qquad$ $+99=5190-240=4950$
16. (D) No property is satisfied by the division operation
17. (C) The required numbers are $18 \& 8$ because $18 \times 8=144 \& 18+8=26$
$\therefore$ larger number $=18$
18. (A) Smallest odd composite number $=9$
$\therefore 41+\mathrm{P}$ is divisible by 9
$\therefore 45$ is divisible by 9
$\therefore 41+P=45$
$P=4$
19. (B) Age of Ram $=60 y-5 y=55 y$

Age of Raju $=55 y-4 y=51$ year
Age of Babu $=51 y-6 y=45$ years
Age difference between Mahesh \& Babu $=60 y-45 y=15 y$
20. (B) Prime numbers between 1 and 50 are $2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19,23,29,31,37,41,43,47$
$\therefore \mathrm{m}=15$
Prime numbers between 50 and 100 are 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79, 83, 89, 97
$\therefore \mathrm{n}=10$
$\therefore \mathrm{m}-\mathrm{n}=15-10=5$
21. (B) 997 is the greatest 3 digit prime number
22. (C) $42=6 \times 7 \& 78=6 \times 13$
$\therefore \quad$ First number $=7$, second number $=6$, third number $=13$

Product of this three numbers
$=6 \times 7 \times 13=546$
23. (B) $3 \frac{2}{3}+7 \frac{3}{5}-8 \frac{7}{10}-2 \frac{11}{15}$
$=\frac{11}{3}+\frac{38}{5}-\frac{87}{10}-\frac{41}{15}$
$=\frac{110+228-261-82}{30}$
$=\frac{-5}{30}=\frac{-1}{6}$
24. (C) $7 x^{2}+5 x y-9 y^{2}-4 x^{2}-7 x y+5 y^{2}+4 y^{2}-$
$3 x^{2}-6 x y$
$=7 x^{2}-4 x^{2}-3 x^{2}-9 y^{2}+5 y^{2}+4 y^{2}+5 x y-$
$7 x y-6 x y$
$=7 x^{2}-7 x^{2}-9 y^{2}+9 y^{2}-2 x y-6 x y$
$=7 x^{2}-7 x^{2}-9 y^{2}+9 y^{2}-2 x y-6 x y$
$=-8 x y$
25. (B) Given the ratio of $A \& B$
$\frac{5}{4}: \frac{5}{3}=\frac{5}{4} \times 12: \frac{5}{3} \times 12$
$=5 \times 3: 5 \times 4$
$=3: 4=3 x: 4 x$
$\therefore$ A's amount $=₹ 3 x$ \& B's amount $=₹ 4 x$
Given $3 x=₹ 36,774$
$x=\frac{\text { ₹ } 36,774}{3}=12,258$
$\therefore$ Total money $=₹(3 x+4 x)=₹ 7 x$
$=₹ 7 \times 12,258=₹ 85,806$
26. (A) Let $a=5 \in z \& b=10 \in z$ then
$a-b=5-10=-5 \in z$
$\therefore$ Subtraction of integers follow closure property
27. (A) $C D X X V I I I=428, C D X X I I I=423, C C C X L I I I=$ 343, CCCII $=302$
$\therefore$ Option ' A ' is in descending order
28. (C) Dividend $=$ Divisor $\times$ quotient + Remainder
$10,00,000=$ divisor $\times 999+1$
$\therefore$ Divisor $\times 999$
$=10,00,000-1=9,99,999$
$\therefore$ Divisor $=\frac{9,99,999}{999}=1001$
29. (B) The result is having more than 51 factors
$\therefore$ It is a composite number It is even number
30. (C)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 247) } 416(1 \\
& \frac{247}{169)} 247(1 \\
& \frac{169}{78)} 169(2 \\
& \frac{156}{13)} 78(6 \\
& \frac{78}{(0)}
\end{aligned}
$$

13) $663(51$
$\frac{65}{13}$
13
(0)
$\mathrm{HCF}=13$
13

| $247,416,663$ |
| :---: |
| $19,32,51$ |

$\therefore$ LCM $=13 \times 19 \times 32 \times 51$
$=4,03,104$
$\therefore$ LCM + HCF $=4,03,104+13=4,03,117$

## MATHEMATICS - 2

31. $(A, B, C, D)$

Sum of odd place numbers $=5+8+3+7$
$+9+6+4=42$
Sum of even place numbers
$=4+9+6+8+7+5+3=42$
$\therefore$ The difference of their sums
$=42-42=0$
Given number is divisible by 11
Option B:
$7+5+3+8+6+4+9=42$
$5+8+3+7+9+6+4=42$
$\therefore$ Option ' $B$ ' is divisible by 11
Similarly option'C' \& option ' $D$ ' are also divisible by 11
32. $(B, D)$

LCM of $48,32,16,24 \& 12=96$
$\therefore \frac{-19}{48}=\frac{-38}{96}, \frac{-17}{32}=\frac{-51}{96}$,
$\frac{-7}{16}=\frac{-42}{96}, \frac{-13}{24}=\frac{-52}{96}, \frac{-5}{12}=\frac{-40}{96}$
$\frac{-52}{96}<\frac{-51}{96}<\frac{-42}{96}<\frac{-40}{96}<\frac{-38}{96}$
i.e., $\frac{-13}{24}<\frac{-17}{32}<\frac{-7}{16}<\frac{-5}{12}<\frac{-19}{48}$

LCM of $36,24,9,6$ and $4=72$
$\frac{-23}{36}=\frac{-46}{72}, \frac{-17}{24}=\frac{-51}{72}, \frac{-7}{9}=\frac{-56}{72}, \frac{-3}{4}=\frac{-54}{72}$
$\frac{-5}{6}=\frac{-60}{72}$
$\therefore$ Ascending order is
$\frac{-60}{72}<\frac{-56}{72}<\frac{-54}{72}<\frac{-51}{72}<\frac{-46}{72}$
i.e., $\frac{-5}{6}<\frac{-7}{9}<\frac{-3}{4}<\frac{-17}{24}<\frac{-23}{36}$
33. (A, B, C)

Option ' $A$ ' is true because $2+3=5$
Option ' $B$ ' is true because $5+7+11=23$
which is an odd number
Option 'C' is true because
$3 \times 5 \times 11=165$ which is an odd number
Option ' $D$ ' is false because
$2 \times 5 \times 11=110$ which is even number
34. (C, D) Asquare and rhombus have equal sides
35. (A, B, C) Options A, B \& C are true

REASONING
36. (C)

37. (B)

38. (D) $\star$ moves one step clockwise direction - moves opposite side.

39. (B)

40. (C) Except option (C) remaining options are equal size triangles.

41. (A) $9=3 \times 3$
$15=3 \times 5$
$21=3 \times \underline{7}$
$7=9-2$
$7=12-5$
$7=20-\underline{13}$
$4=2 \times 2$
$16=2 \times 8$
$24=2 \times \underline{12}$
(C)
$A+B+C=7+13+12 \Rightarrow 32$

42. (B)

43. (C) Among the options MOTOR is formed from the given word.
44. (A) The folded transparent sheet will appear as

45. (C) From the table, we find that Harsh is neither hardworking nor ambitious.

|  | Intelligent | Hard working | Honest | Ambitious |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kiran | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Gopal | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $X$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Harsha | $\checkmark$ | $X$ | $\checkmark$ | $X$ |
| Raghu | $X$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $X$ |
| Jitendra | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

Hence, option (C) is correct.

## CRITICAL THINKING

46. (A) Underneath the shelf well that one is a lot more shallower on B so therefore the correct answer is shelf A will definitely break first.
47. (B) From statement 2 alone we can get to know who lives in which state. A - Assam, B - Bihar.
$D$ and $E$ are already given, so only $C$ is left out who will be living in Kashmir.

48. (C) Because 'Heroism' means great bravery and Synonyms is Courage.
49. (B) $\square$
